Part B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Distinguish between Costing and Cost Accounting.
 - 12. What is danger level?
 - 13. What is meant by functional budget?
- 14. What do you mean by direct expenses?
- 15. What is retention money?
- 16. State any three advantages of piece rate system?
- 17, Distinguish between joint product and by-product.
- 48. What is batch costing?
- 19. What is a stores ledger?
- 20. What is idle time?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. How will you treat scrap in cost accounts?
- 122. What is time keeping? Discuss the various methods of time keeping.
- ✓23. What is master budget? What are its components?
- 24. What is meant by perpetual inventory system? State its advantages.
- 25. Calculate Re-order level, Maximum level and Minimum level from the following particulars:

Normal usage - 60 units per week.

Minimum usage - 40 units per week.

Maximum usage - 80 units per week.

Re-order period - 4 to 6 weeks.

Re-order quantity - 400 units.

26. From the following details calculate the earnings of a worker under Halsey premium bonus plan:

Hourly rate of wages – Re. 0.75.

Standard time for producing 1 dozen articles - 3 Hours.

Actual time taken for producing 20 dozen article - 48 Hours.

27. Ahalya Printers Ltd., ended with the following Profit and Loss during the year 2012:

	(Figures	igures in Lakh	
Sales		35.58	
Less Expenses	The second		
Raw material	7.42		
Stores	4.48	1	
Expenses	20.40		
Interest	2.00		
Depreciation	2.00	36.30	
Loss for the year		0.72	

The printers had been working at 60% capacity during the year 2012. Of the expense Rs. 20.40 lakh, 25% is variable. In 2013, production and sales at 80% is expected to be achieved Fixed cost, however, is expected to increase by Rs. 1.20 lakh.

Prepare the budget for the year 2013.

28. The cost account of Neelagiri Ltd the following information for the month of 31st March 2012:

X	Rs.
Stock of raw materials on 1-4-2011	 50,000.00
Stock of raw materials on 31-3-2012	 55,000.00
Stock of finished goods on 1-4-2011	 36,000.00
Stock of finished goods on 31-3-2012	 35,000.00
Purchase of raw materials	 46,000.00
Work in progress on 1-4-2011	 18,000.00
Work in progress on 31-3-2012	 20,600.00
Sale of furnished goods	 1,70,000.00
Productive wages	 37,100.00
Work expenses	 17,800.00
Office and administrative expenses	 14,600.00
Selling and distribution expenses	 9,700.00
Sale of scrap	 1,500.00

Prepare a Cost Sheet, showing all the details.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Define EOQ. Explain the purchase procedure in detail.
- 30. Product 'X' of Gemplast Ltd. passes through two processes A and B and then to finished stock. It is ascertained that in each process normally 5% of the total weight is lost and 10% is scrap which from process A and B, realises Rs. 80 per tonne and Rs. 200 per tonne respectively. The following are the figures relating to both the processes:

	Process A	$Process\ B$
Materials in tonne	1,000	70
Cost of material per tonne (Rs.)	125	200
Wages (Rs.)	28,000	10,000
Manufacturing expenses	8,000	5,250
Output in tonne	830	780

Prepare the process cost accounts showing the cost per tonne of each process. There was no stock or work-in-progress in any process.

31. Hi-tech builders engaged on two contracts. The following informations are obtained at the year end on 31st December 2010:

Contract A April 1	Contract B September 1
Rs.	Rs.
6,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
1,60,000.00	60,000.00
4,000.00	2,000.00
22,000.00	8,000.00
1,50,000.00	42,000.00
66,000.00	35,000.00
25,000.00	7,000.00
80,000.00	70,000.00
65,000.00	64,000.00
23,000.00	10,000.00
4,20,000.00	1,35,000.00
3,78,000.00	1,25,000.00
2,000.00	1,000.00
	April 1 Rs. 6,00,000.00 1,60,000.00 4,000.00 22,000.00 1,50,000.00 66,000.00 25,000.00 80,000.00 23,000.00 4,20,000.00 3,78,000.00

Materials transformed from contract A to contract B were Rs. 9,000 during the period. You are required to prepare (a) Contract account; (b) Contractee's account.