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CAR B.C	com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBE	RIOCTORER 2004
YEAR	Part III—Commerce	auderoben 2004
	Model I	
	Paper VII—BANKING THEORY AND PRACTICE	
	(2001 admissions)	
hree Hours		Maximum : 80 Marks
hice	Part A	
	Answer any ten questions.	

Each question carries 1 mark.

What is mixed banking? Define trustee. What do you mean by Garnishee order? What is open market operations? Who is a holder-in-due-course ? What is call money market? What is a scheduled bank? What is banker's lien ? What is a debit card? What are time deposits? What is "not negotiable crossing"? Define the term customer.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

What is meant by selective credit control? What are its limitations? Explain the functions of a developed money market. Explain the different forms of general crossing. Examine the role of NABARD in rural credit.

Distinguish between Pledge and Hypothecation.

How does a Central Bank Acts as a banker's bank?

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- Define a bill of exchange and describe the various parties to it.
- What is venture capital? What are its features? 20.
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 What precautions a banker should take while opening accounts with minors and joint a 21. companies?
- What are the systems of note issue? 22.
- What is lead bank? Give its important functions. 23.
- What is nationalisation of banks? Explain its objects 24.

(10 × 4 = 40 ma

Part C

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- Explain the term paying banker and discuss the nature of statutory protection given to him 25.
- What is a credit card? What are the benefits of credit cards to the card holder, to the me 26. establishment and to the bank?
- Discuss the types of relationship between the banker and the customer.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ m})$