

## FOURTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2015

(U.G.-CCSS)

Core Course—Economics

EC 4B 05—QUANTITATIVE METHODS FOR ECONOMIC ANALYSIS—II

(2013 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

I. Objective type questions, Answer all *twelve* questions :

1 If  $a, b, c$  are in arithmetic progression then  $b - a =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

2  $\log_{10} 1000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

3  $16^{\frac{3}{4}} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

4 If  $A$  is any set, then  $A \cap \phi =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

5 If  $f(x)$  is an even function, then  $f(-x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

6  $y = 3x + 5$  is a straight line. State True or False.

7 If  $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{2} = 5$ , then  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

8 Matrix addition is commutative. State True or False.

9 If  $A$  is a symmetric matrix then  $A^T =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

10 If  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 3 & x \end{vmatrix} = 0$ , then  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

11  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$  is not continuous at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

12  $\frac{d^3}{dx^3} e^{-x} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

(12  $\times$   $\frac{1}{4} = 3$  weightage)II. Short answer type questions. Answer all *nine* questions :

13 Distinguish between finite and infinite sets.

14 Define disjoint sets.

15 If  $A = \{1, 2\}$  and  $B = \{a\}$ , find  $A \times B$ .

Turn over

- 16 What do you mean by a linear equation ? Give one example.
- 17 Define the terms domain and range.
- 18 Give one example for upper triangular matrix.
- 19 Find all cofactors of  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$ .
- 20 Define convexity of a function.
- 21 If  $y = x \log x$ , find the value of  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

(9 × 1 = 9 weightage)

III. Short essay or paragraph questions. Answer any *five* questions :

- 22 If  $A = \{0, 1, 2, 5, 7\}$ ,  $B = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $C = \{5, 7, 8\}$ , find  $A \cup B \cup C$  and  $A \cap B \cap C$ .
- 23 Solve the equation  $x(x - 3) = 2(10 - x)$ .
- 24 If the third and seventh terms of a geometric progression are 2 and  $1/8$  respectively, find its tenth term.
- 25 Draw the graph of  $y = x^2$ .
- 26 If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the value of  $A^2$ .
- 27 Find the inverse of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 28 Solve the equation  $x - 2y = 16$  and  $3x + y = -1$  by using Cramer's rule.

(5 × 2 = 10 weightage)

IV. Essay questions. Answer any *two* questions :

29 If  $\begin{vmatrix} x^3 + 1 & x^2 & x \\ y^3 + 1 & y^2 & y \\ z^3 + 1 & z^2 & z \end{vmatrix} = 0$  with  $x \neq y \neq z$ , then show that  $xyz = 1$ .

30 If  $z = \log \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , prove that  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$ .

31 If  $x^y = y^x$ , show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y(y - x \log y)}{x(x - y \log x)}$ .

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)