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Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY/IMPROVEMENT) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015

(UG-CCSS)

Core Course-Chemistry

CH 3B 05-PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I

Time : Three Hours

- Maximum : 30 Weightage
- I. Answer all the *twelve* questions. Each question carries a weightage ¹/₄. This section contains multiple choice, fill in the blanks and *one word* answer questions :
 - 1 At a particular temperature, the RMS velocity of CO_2 is comparable with :
 - (a) N_2O . (b) C_3H_8 .
 - (c) CO. (d) Both N_2O and C_3H_8 .
 - 2 The deviation of a gas from ideal behaviour is maximum at :
 - (a) High pressure and high temperature.
 - (b) Low pressure and low temperature.
 - (c) High pressure and low temperature.
 - (d) Low pressure and high temperature.
 - 3 The SI unit of surface tension is :
 - (a) Nm^{-1} . (b) Jm^{-1} .
 - (c) Nm^{-2} . (d) Nm.

4 The value of \triangle H at any temperature is equal to the value of \triangle E, for the reaction :

- (a) $2C(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO(g)$.
- (b) $H_2(g) + I_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 HI(g)$.
- (c) $PCI_5(g) \rightleftharpoons PCl_3(g) + Cl_2(g)$.
- (d) $N_2(g) + 3 H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 NH_3(g)$.
- 5 The value of equilibrium constant of a reaction is independent of :
 - (a) The initial amount of reactants.
 - (b) The pressence of a catalyst.
 - (c) The direction from which the equilibrium is attained.
 - (d) All these.

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- 6 - effect on adiabatic expansion.
- The condition for reversibility coincides with the condition for ______. 7
- The ratio of the fugacity of a gas in any state to that in a reference state is 8
- 9
- A chemical equilibrium in which, the substances are in different physical state is 10
- The degree of degeneracy of a particular energy level is expressed in terms 11
- Give the relation between Kp and Kx of a reaction. 12

II. Answer all the nine questions. Each question carries a weightage of 1 :

- 13 Write the Maxwell-Boltzmann equation for the distribution of molecular velocities and explain the terms.
- Calculate the most probable velocity of O_2 molecule at 300 K. 14
- 15 What is optical exaltation ?
- 16 Define parachor.
- Distinguish between extensive and intensive properties. 17
- Write any two limitations of the first law of thermodynamics. 18
- 'Decrease in Gibb's free energy is a measure of the work other than that due to 19 expansion': Illustrate.
- What is meant by residual entropy? 20
- The equilibrium constant for the reaction $CO(g) + H_2O(g) \rightleftharpoons CO_2(g) + H_2(g)$ is 1×10^5 at 21 298 K. Calculate the value of $\triangle G^{\circ}$.

III. Answer any five questions. Each question carries a weightage of 2 :

- 22 Deduce the Virial equation of state from van der Waals' equation.
- Calculate the molar refraction of C_2H_5OH for which the refractive index is 1.3611 and 23 density is 0.789 g cm⁻³.
- 24 Derive any two of the Maxwell's relations.

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 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weightage})$

- 25 Calculate the entropy of mixing of one mole of oxygen and two moles of hydrogen, assuming no chemical change.
- 26 Derive the relation between entropy and probability.
- 27 Calculate the translational partition function of a molecule of O_2 gas at 1 atm and 298 K, moving in a vessel of volume 24.4 dm³. Given the value of 'm' as 5.3×10^{-26} kg.
- 28 Explain the effect of temperature and pressure in the following equilibria, using Le-Chatelier's principle.
 - (i) $A(g) \rightarrow B(g) + C(g) : \Delta H = xKJ$ and
 - (ii) $N_{2}(g) + 3H_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2NH_{3}(g) : \Delta H = -92 \text{ KJ}.$

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

- IV. Answer any two questions. Each question carries a weightage of 4 :
 - 29 (i) What is mean free path of a gas ? How is it related to the coefficient of viscosity of the gas ?
 - (ii) Explain the limiting density method for the determination of molecular mass of a gas.
 - 30 (i) Discuss the different steps involved in the working of Carnot cycle and derive an equation for the efficiency of a Carnot engine.
 - (ii) The vapour pressure of a liquid increased from 630 mm to 760 mm, when the temperature increased from 368 K to 373 K. Calculate the molar enthalpy of vapourisation of the liquid in this temperature range.
 - 31 (i) Write briefly on :
 - (a) Partition function ; and
 - (b) Statistical weight factor.
 - (ii) Derive an equation to show the dependence of equilibrium constant on temperature.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$