

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

Third Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, October 2019

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Mathematics

Core Course – 2

MM 1341 : ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS – 1

(2014 – 2017 Admissions)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries **1** mark. :

1. Define an unit element in a Ring.
2. A commutative skew field is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A commutative ring with identity and \_\_\_\_\_ is an Integral domain.
4. Define Boolean Ring.
5. If  $\vec{A} = 4\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$  and  $\vec{B} = 3\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$  then find  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$ .
6. Evaluate  $(\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}) \cdot (\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 5\vec{k}) \times (\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 6\vec{k})$ .
7. A vector  $V$  is called irrotational if \_\_\_\_\_.

8. Angle between the lines whose direction cosines are  $(l_1, m_1, n_1)$  and  $(l_2, m_2, n_2)$  are \_\_\_\_\_.
9. The equation of the straight line joining the points  $(2, 5, 8)$  and  $(-1, 6, 3)$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Find the equation of the sphere with centre  $(-1, 2, -3)$  and radius 3 units.

**(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)**

SECTION – B

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries **2** marks.

11. Define a Group. Is the set of integers under multiplication a group. Justify.
12. In an abelian group show that  $(ab)^2 = a^2b^2$ .
13. Prove that any unit in a Ring  $R$  cannot be a zero divisor.
14. Define characteristic of a ring and give one example.
15. Solve the linear congruence  $5x \equiv 2 \pmod{26}$ .
16. Determine a unit vector  $\perp^{re}$  to the plane  $\vec{A} = 2\vec{i} - 6\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$  and  $\vec{B} = 4\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - \vec{k}$ .
17. Find the area of the triangle having vertices at  $P(1, 3, 2)$ ,  $Q(2, -1, 1)$ .
18. If  $\vec{F} = (2xy + z^3)\vec{i} + x^2\vec{j} + 3xz^2\vec{k}$  then find the work done in moving an object from  $(1, -2, 1)$  to  $(3, 1, 4)$ .
19. Find the equation of the plane through  $(3, 4, 5)$  and parallel to  $2x + 3y - z = 0$ .
20. Find the distance between the parallel planes  $2x - 2y - z + 3 = 0$ ,  $4x - 4y + 2z + 5 = 0$ .
21. Prove that the plane section of the sphere is a circle.
22. Show that the equation of a right circular cone whose vertex is O axis OZ and semi-vertex angle  $\alpha$  is  $x^2 + y^2 = z^2 \tan^2 \alpha$ .

**(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)**

## SECTION – C

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. :

23. Prove that a subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.
24. State and prove Fermat's theorem.
25. Prove that any field is an Integral domain.
26. Prove that  $(Z_n, \oplus, \odot)$  is a Ring.
27. Find the unit tangent vector to any point on the curve  $x = t^2 - t, y = 4t - 3, z = 2t^2 - 8t$ .
28. Suppose  $v = wx \nabla$  where  $w$  is a constant then prove that  $w = \frac{1}{2} \text{curl } v$ .
29. If  $\cos \alpha, \cos \beta, \cos \gamma$  are the direction cosines of a straight line then show that  $\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta + \sin^2 \gamma = 2$ .
30. Find the angle between the planes  $2x - y + z = 6$  and  $x + y + 2z = 3$ .
31. Find the equation of the Orthogonal projection of the line  $\frac{x-2}{4} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-4}{3}$  on to the plane  $8x + 2y + 9z - 1 = 0$ .

**(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)**

## SECTION – D

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries **15** marks. :

32. Let  $R, R'$  be two Rings. Let  $f : R \rightarrow R'$  be an Isomorphism then prove the following :
  - (a)  $R$  is commutative  $\Rightarrow R'$  is commutative.
  - (b)  $R$  is a Ring with identity  $\Rightarrow R'$  is a Ring with identity.
  - (c)  $R$  is an Integral Domain  $\Rightarrow R'$  is an Integral Domain
  - (d)  $R$  is a field  $\Rightarrow R'$  is a field.

33. (a) Define Kernel of a Ring homomorphism.  
(b) State and prove fundamental theorem of Ring homomorphism.
34. State and prove Chinese remainder theorem.
35. (a) Prove that the system of Linear congruence

$$ax + by \equiv r \pmod{n}$$

$cx + dy \equiv s \pmod{n}$  has a unique solution modulo  $n$  whenever  $\gcd(ad - bc, n) = 1$ .

- (b) Find the solution of

$$7x + 3y \equiv 10 \pmod{16}$$

$$2x + 5y \equiv 9 \pmod{16}$$

solution is  $x \equiv 3 \pmod{16}$   
 $y \equiv 7 \pmod{16}$ .

**(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)**

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