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# Third Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, October 2019 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

## **Complementary Course for Physics**

### MM 1331.1: MATHEMATICS III — CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

(2018 admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

PART - A

All the ten questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each.

- Define an exact first degree first order ODE.
- 2. Write the general form of Bernoulli's equation.
- 3. Give an example for a linear first order ODE.
- 4. When is a vector field said to be conservative?
- 5. Write the continuity equation.
- 6. Give the integral form for divergence.
- 7. Give an example for a periodic function.
- 8. Define commutator of two matrices A and B.

9. Find AB if 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ -7 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Define linear function of vectors.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART - B

Answer any eight questions from among the questions 11 to 22. These questions carry 2 mark each.

- 11. Solve the ODE  $y' + 2\sin 2\pi x = 0$  by integration.
- 12. State Stoke's Theorem.
- State divergence theorem.
- 14. Find the period and frequency of the function  $s = \frac{1}{2} \cot(\pi t 8)$ .
- 15. Give an example of a function which fails to satisfy the Dirichlet conditions but expandable in a Fourier series.
- 16. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + xy$ .
- 17. Verify that  $y = ce^{-4x} + 0.35$  is a solution of the ODE y' + 4y = 1.4.
- 18. Give an expression for the angular momentum of a solid body rotating with angular velocity  $\omega$  about an axis through the origin.
- 19. Write  $e^x$  as the sum of an even function and an odd function.
- 20. State divergence theorem.

- 21. Find the direction of the line of intersection of the planes x-2y+3z=4 and 2x+y-z=5.
- 22. If  $\vec{F} = 2xz\hat{i} + 2yz^2\hat{j} + (x^2 + 2y^2z 1)\hat{k}$ , find  $\nabla \times \vec{F}$ .

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART - C

Answer any six questions from among the following questions 23 to 31. These questions carry 4 marks each.

- 23. Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = xy^3$ .
- 24. Solve  $(x+2y^3)\frac{dy}{dx} = y$ .
- 25. Show that the equation

$$(1+4xy+2y^2)dx+(1+4xy+2x^2)dy=0$$
 is exact and solve it.

- 26. From Ampere's law, derive Maxwell's equation in the case where the currents are steady, ie.,  $\nabla \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J} = 0$ .
- 27. Find the vector area of the surface of the Hemisphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2, z \ge 0$  by evaluating the line integral  $\vec{S} = \frac{1}{2} \oint_C \vec{r} \times d\vec{r}$  around its perimeter.
- 28. Represent  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & -1 < x < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$  as a Fourier integral.
- 29. Find the angle between the vectors  $\vec{A} = 3\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{B} = -2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ .

- 30. Find the rank of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 4 & -4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ .
- 31. Find the dimension of the space spanned by the vectors

$$\{(1, 0, 1, 5, -2), (0, 1, 0, 6, -3), (2, -1, 2, 4, 1), (3, 0, 3, 15, -6)\}.$$

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART - D

Answer **any two** questions from among the following questions 32 to 35. These questions carry **15** marks each.

- 32. Use variation of parameters method to solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \csc x$ , subject to the boundary conditions  $y(0) = y(\pi/2) = 0$ .
- 33. Given the vector field  $\vec{a} = y \hat{i} x \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$  verify Stoke's theorem for the hemispherical sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ ,  $z \ge 0$ .
- 34. Find the Fourier series for |x| in  $[-\pi, \pi]$  and deduce that  $1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$ .
- 35. Given the matrices

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Find  $A^{-1}$ ,  $B^{-1}$ ,  $B^{-1}AB$  and  $B^{-1}A^{-1}B$ .
- (b) Show that the matrices  $B^{-1}AB$  and  $B^{-1}A^{-1}B$  are inverses.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$