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Fifth Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, February 2021

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Core Course : CO 1542/CC 1543/CX 1543/HM 1543/TT 1543

# **COST ACCOUNTING**

(2015-2017 Admission)

(Common for Commerce / Commerce with Computer Application / Commerce and Tax Procedure and Practice / Commerce and Hotel Management and Catering / Commerce and Tourism and Travel Management)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

#### SECTION - A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark)

- 1. What is cost unit?
- 2 What is bin card?
- 3. What is Re-order level?
- 4. What is EOQ?
- Define cost centre.
- 6. What is job costing?
- Define costing.

- 8. What is piece wage system?
- 9. What is stock velocity?
- 10. What is operating costing?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - B

(Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks)

- 11. What is batch costing?
- 12. What are semi-variable costs? Give an example.
- 13. What is differential cost?
- 14. State the importance of cost classification.
- 15. What is composite cost unit?
- 16. What is absorption of overheads?
- 17. What are the objectives of material control?
- 18. What is prime cost?
- 19. What are selling overheads?
- 20. What is danger level?
- 21. What is stores ledger?
- 22. What is under absorption?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - C

(Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks)

- 23. How reorder level is computed?
- Distinguish between bin card and stores ledger.
- 25. Explain the steps in purchase procedure.
- 26. Distinguish between cost accounting and financial accounting.
- 27. Calculate re-order level and maximum level from the following data.

Time lag for procurement of materials: Maximum 6 months, Minimum - 2 months

Maximum usage - 300 units

Minimum usage - 200 units

Re-order quantity - 750 units

28. Calculate machine hour rate from the following.

Cost of machine - Rs. 19,200

Estimated Scrap value - Rs. 1,200

Average repair and maintenance charges per month - Rs. 150

Standing charges allocated to machine per month - Rs. 50

Effective working life of machine 10000 hours

Running time per month - 166 hours

Power used by machine: 5 units per hour @ 19 paise per unit.

29. Calculate total earnings and effective rate of earnings per hour under Rowan Plan from the following.

The standard time - 20 hours, Actual hours taken - 16 hours, Wage rate per hour - Rs. 5.

30. Calculate EOQ from the following data

Annual usage - 5000 units

Cost of material per unit - Rs. 20

Cost of placing an order - Rs. 50

Annual carrying cost of per unit - 10% of inventory value

31. From the following transactions, calculate the closing balance of materials in units and value by using LIFO method.

Opening balance 100 units @ Rs. 10 per unit

Issued 60 units

Received 120 units @ 10.10 per unit

Issued 50 units (stock verification reveals a loss of 2 units)

Received back from order 20 units (originally issued @ Rs. 9.90 per unit)

Issued 80 units

Received 44 units @ Rs 10.20 per unit

Issued 66 units

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

## SECTION - D

(Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks)

32. Explain the various methods of pricing material issues.

33. The cost accounts of a firm reveals the following details:

Raw material purchased 15,000

Opening stock of raw materials 4,000

Closing stock of raw materials 5,000

Direct labour cost 9,000

Machine hours worked 900 hours

Machine hour rate Rs. 5

Carriage inwards Rs. 1,000

Administration overheads 20% on works cost

Selling overheads 50 paise per unit sold

Units produced 17,100

Opening stock of finished goods 2000 units @ Rs 1.50 per unit

Units sold 16000 units

Selling price per unit Rs. 4

Prepare a cost sheet and compute the profit.

34.	You are supplied with the following data and required to work out the production
	hour rate of recovery of overheads in departments A, B and C under repeated
	distribution.

	Product	tion Depa	rtments	Service Departments					
Item	Α	В	С	Р	Q				
Primary overhead (Rs.	7,810	12,543	4,547	4,000	2,600				

Expenses of service departments P and Q are apportioned as under:

	Α	В	C	P	Q
Р	30%	40%	20%	-	10%
Q	10%	20%	50%	20%	-
Estimated Working Hours	1000	2500	1400	-	-

35. Prepare a Stores Ledger account for the following transactions on the basis of FIFO method.

2019 Dec.	1	Opening balance 500 units @ Rs. 20
	3	Issue 70 units
	4	Issue 100 units
	8	Issue 80 units
	13	Received from supplier 200 units @ Rs. 19
	14	Purchased 100 units @ Rs. 21
	16	Issue 180 units
	20	Received from supplier 240 units @ Rs. 22
	24	Issue 300 units
	25	Received from supplier 320 units @ Rs. 18
	26	Issue 115 units
	27	Received from supplier 100 units @ Rs. 23

The stock verifier of the factory had found a shortage of 10 units on 22<sup>nd</sup> and left a note accordingly.

$$(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$$