Reg. No). :	•••	•••	••••	••••	••••	•••••	
Name :						<i>.</i> .		

Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, February 2021 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS Chemistry

Core Course VII

CH 1543: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II

(2013, 2015-16 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions. (Each question carries 1 mark)

- 1. State Third law of thermodynamics.
- Define ensemble.
- 3 What is meant by critical micelle concentration?
- 4. What is photoelectric effect?
- 5. What is the energy expression of a particle in a ID box?
- 6. How is the energy of radiation related to its wavelength?
- 7. In which region are the vibrational spectra of molecules obtained?
- 8. Write the equation, relating magnetic susceptibility and magnetic field strength.

- 9. How many signals do the protons of TMS exhibit in its NMR spectrum?
- 10 Define dipole moment.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - B

Short answer type (Answer any eight questions, Each question carries 2 marks)

- 11. CO is an exception to III law of thermodynamics. Explain.
- 12. Write the expression for internal energy in terms of partition function.
- 13. Explain Hardy-Schulz rule.
- 14. Distinguish between a true solution and colloid.
- 15. Write Schrodinger equation and explain the terms.
- 16. Write the expression for energy and wave function of a particle in a 3D box.
- 17. What is the energy of radiation with wavelength 800 nm.
- 18. Calculate the reduced mass of HCl, [H = 1.008; Cl = 35.45]
- 19. Explain the term Stoke's and antistoke's lines in Raman spectroscopy.
- 20. Define molar extinction coefficient.
- 21. Distinguish between diamagnetic substance and paramagnetic substance.

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22. Para dichlorobeozene molecule have zero dipolemoment. Why?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

Short essay type (Answer any six questions, Each question carries 4 marks)

- 23. Derive the expression for internal energy in term of partition function.
- 24. Define ensembles and explain the different types of ensembles.
- Diagramatically represent different vibrational modes of CO2. Classify them as 1R active and IR inactive modes.
- 26. Write down the Schrodinger Wave equation for hydrogen atom in Cartesian and spherical polar co-ordinates and explain the terms.
- 27. Given that the force constant for the H Cl bond is 482.08 N m⁻¹. Calculate the fundamental vibrational frequency in s⁻¹.
- Explain the term spin –spin coupling in NMR spectroscopy.
- 29. What is spin only magnetic moments? Calculate the spin only magnetic moment of Chromium atom.
- 30. Explain the application of colloids.
- 31. Write the Clausius -Mosotti equation and explain the terms.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - D

Essay type (Answer any two questions. Each Question carries 15 marks)

- (a) Evaluate absolute entropy of a gas using third law of Thermodynamics.
 - (b) Explain the kinetic and optical properties of colloids.

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- 33. Describe briefly the principle of Vibrational spectroscopy. What are its applications?
- 34. (a) Derive the expression for energy and wave function of a particle in a one dimensional box.
 - (b) Calculate the energy of an electron confined in a box of 10 nm length.
- 35. Write notes on (a) Parachor (b) Chemical shift (c) Dipolemoment and molecular structure.

(2 ×	15	=	30	M	arks)
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