

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**II Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Reg./Supple./Improv.)  
Examination, April 2019  
(2014 Admission Onwards)**

**COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN MATHEMATICS  
2C02 MAT – CS : Mathematics for Computer Science – II**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

## SECTION – A

All the first 4 questions are **compulsory**. They carry **1 mark each**.

1. Give the reduction formula for  $\int \sin^n x \, dx$ .
2. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^5 x \cos^3 x \, dx$ .
3. What are skew symmetric matrices ?
4. What can you say about the main diagonal entries of a skew-symmetric matrix ?

## SECTION – B

Answer **any 7** questions from among the questions **5 to 13**. These questions carry **2 marks each**.

5. Find the area of the ellipse,  $x = a \cos t$ ,  $y = b \sin t$ .
6. Change the order of integration in  $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} \, dx \, dy$ , and hence find its value.
7. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{a\theta} r^3 \, d\theta \, dr$ .

P.T.O.



8. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $AB$  and  $AC$ .

9. Determine the rank of the matrix,  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

10. Evaluate the determinant  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & -4 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 & -1 \\ -3 & 8 & 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ .

11. Show by example that orthogonal matrices need not be symmetric.

12. Obtain the characteristic polynomial of  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .

13. Let  $A$  be an idempotent matrix, meaning  $A^2 = A$ . Show that  $\lambda = 0$  or  $\lambda = 1$  are the only possible eigen values of  $A$ .

### SECTION – C

Answer **any 4** questions from among the questions **14 to 19**. These questions carry **3** marks **each**.

14. Evaluate  $\int_0^a \frac{x^4 dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$ .

15. Obtain the intrinsic equation of the catenary  $y = a \cosh(x/a)$ , taking the vertex  $(0, a)$  as the fixed point.

16. Show that the surface of the solid obtained by revolving the arc of the curve  $y = \sin x$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = \pi$  about the  $x$  – axis is  $2\pi [\sqrt{2} + \log(1 + \sqrt{2})]$ .



17. Prove that the surface generated by the revolution of the tractrix  $x = a \cos t + \frac{1}{2}a \log \tan^2 t/2$ ,  $y = a \sin t$  about its asymptote is equal to the surface of sphere of radius  $a$ .

18. Solve the system by using Cramer's rule :

$$\begin{aligned} x - y + 2z &= -4 \\ 3x + y - 4z &= -6 \\ 2x + 3y - 4z &= 4. \end{aligned}$$

19. Find all eigen values of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

SECTION – D

Answer **any 2** questions from among the questions **20** to **23**. These questions carry **5** marks **each**.

20. Prove that the area of the region bounded by the curve  $a^4y^2 = x^5(2a - x)$ , is to that of the circle whose radius is,  $a$ , is 5 to 4.

21. Evaluate  $\int_A \int r^2 \sin\theta \, d\theta \, dr$  over the area of cardioide  $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$  above the initial line.

22. Consider  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Use the Gauss-Jordan elimination approach to obtain  $A^{-1}$ .

23. Diagonalize the following matrix, if possible

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

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8. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $AB$  and  $AC$ .

9. Determine the rank of the matrix,  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

10. Evaluate the determinant  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & -4 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 & -1 \\ -3 & 8 & 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ .

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### SECTION – C

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