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Reg No	:	
Name	:	

B.Sc/BCA DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2020

Fourth Semester

Core Course - CS4CRT09 - DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

(Common for B.Sc Information Technology Model III, Bachelor of Computer Application)

2017 Admission onwards

87DB30BA

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 80

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions. Each question carries **2** marks.

- 1. What is an algorithm?
- 2. Explain Space complexity.
- 3. Discuss the general method of divide and conquer.
- 4. Write the complexity of merge sort.
- 5. Quicksort is more efficient than mergesort. Judge your answer.
- 6. What is ordering paradigm?
- 7. Define Kruskal's algorithm.
- 8. What you meant by Dynamic programming with Examples?
- 9. Write Bellman and Ford algorithm to compute the shortest paths.
- 10. What is travelling sales person problem?
- 11. Which data structure is used for implementing BFS traversal?
- 12. Define biconnected component.

(10×2=20)



Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries **5** marks.

- 13. Write notes on algorithm analysis.
- 14. With an example explain the best-case, worst-case and average-case complexities of an algorithm.
- 15. Demonstrate the analysis of binary search algorithm using recursive binary tree method.
- 16. Write the characterstics of Greedy algorithm.
- 17. Find an optimal solution to the knapsack instance n=4 objects and the capacity of knapsack m=15, profits(10,5,7,11) and weights are (3,4,3,5).
- 18. Discuss the forward approach in multistage graph problem with example.
- 19. Explain 0/1 knapsack problem with algorithm.
- 20. Explain 8-Queen's problem with an example.
- 21. Write algorithm to find hamiltonian path using backtracking.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries **15** marks.

- 22. Elaborate various algorithm design strategies.
- 23. Discuss in detail about the procedure for Strassen's Matrix Multiplication. Illustrate with an example.
- 24. Write a note on greedy technique. Explain Prim's algorithm with example using greedy technique.
- 25. Explain backtracking algorithm. Apply backtracking to solve the following instance of the sum of subset problem. Set of elements = $\{3, 5, 6, 7\}$ and d = 15

(2×15=30)